

SAFETY DATA SHEET

POLANE 8300 LUMINOUS SILVER AP8580F63 - SILVER

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

Section 1. Identification

Product code : F63SP3805
GHS product identifier : POLANE 8300 LUMINOUS SILVER AP8580F63
SILVER
Product use : Industrial applications.
Material uses : Paint or paint related material.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sherwin-Williams (Nantong) Co. Ltd
No.8 Jiang he Road, Economic Development Zone,
Nantong, Jiangsu Province, 201808, China.
Tel: 0086-0513-69895000

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : regulatory.asia@sherwin.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 400-6267911 (24/7)

Hours of operation : (24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview

Liquid.

Various

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

None known. Please refer to the SDS for additional information.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture :

- FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
- SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
- SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
- CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
- TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
- SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
- ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
- AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
- AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toxic to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention :

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response :

Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage :

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

Disposal :

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Physical and chemical hazards :

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Health hazards : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known. Please refer to the SDS for additional information.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Hazardous ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	EC number	Hazard classification
n-Butyl Acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4	204-658-1	H226, H315, H319, H336, H402
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≤10	108-10-1	203-550-1	H225, H303, H316, H319, H335, H351
Aluminum	≤10	7429-90-5	231-072-3	H228, H400, H410
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤5	1330-20-7	215-535-7	H226, H303, H304, H312 + H332, H315, H319, H335, H336, H373, H401
Ethyl Acetate	≤5	141-78-6	205-500-4	H225, H319, H336
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	≤5	64742-94-5	265-198-5	H226, H304, H316, H336, H411
Toluene	≤5	108-88-3	203-625-9	H225, H302, H304, H315, H319, H336, H361, H373, H401, H412
Ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4	202-849-4	H225, H303, H304, H316, H319, H351, H373, H401
Titanium Dioxide	<1	13463-67-7	236-675-5	H316, H351

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Section 7. Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
aluminium powder	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Aluminum: Metal & alloys dust] PC-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
xylene isomers mixture	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ethyl acetate	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
toluene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). Absorbed through skin. PC-TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 100 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Titanium Dioxide	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022). PC-TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: dust

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene isomers mixture	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 0.4 g/L, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift. BEI: 0.3 g/g Cr, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of work shift.
toluene	GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022) BEI: 1.5 g/g Cr, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the work shift (15 minutes to 30 minutes after the contact is stopped). BEI: 1 mmol/mol Cr, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the work shift (15 minutes to 30 minutes after the contact is

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene

stopped).

BEI: 5 mg/m³, toluene [in end-exhaled air].
Sampling time: before work shift.

BEI: 20 mg/m³, toluene [in end-exhaled air].
Sampling time: end of work shift (after the contact is stopped).

BEI: 2 g/L, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the work shift (15 minutes to 30 minutes after the contact is stopped).

BEI: 11 mmol/L, hippuric acid [in urine].
Sampling time: end of the work shift (15 minutes to 30 minutes after the contact is stopped).

GBZ 2.1 (China, 11/2022)

BEI: 0.8 g/g Cr, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (MA and PGA) [in urine].
Sampling time: end of work shift.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures**Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection**Hand protection****Gloves**

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

: Short Term Exposure less than 30 minutes Continuous use LDPE gloves, 30 microns or Butyl gloves 0.7mm

Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time) .

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : By spraying: air-fed respirator.
By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Various
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 70°C (158°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 13°C (55.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 0.8%
Upper: 10.7%
- Vapor pressure** : 11.5 kPa (86 mm Hg)
- Relative vapor density** : 3.04 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.95
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

VOC content : 611 g/L
Heat of combustion : 18.779 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
: Avoid high temperature. Avoid static electricity.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
xylene isomers mixture	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-

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Heavy Aromatic Naphtha toluene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
			-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
			-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	870 ug	-
			-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
			-	24 hours 20	-
			-	mg	-
			-	500 mg	-
Titanium Dioxide			-	500 mg	-
			-	24 hours 15	-
			-	mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
			-	ug l	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC
4-methylpentan-2-one	2B
xylene isomers mixture	3
toluene	3
ethylbenzene	2B
Titanium Dioxide	2B

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene isomers mixture	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene isomers mixture	Category 2	-	-
toluene	Category 2	-	-
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 nausea or vomiting
 reduced fetal weight
 increase in fetal deaths
 skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	10077.53 mg/kg
Dermal	18864.34 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	63198.86 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
aluminium powder	Acute LC50 38000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 120 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum</i>	3 days

Section 12. Ecological information

xylylene isomers mixture	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	<i>demersum</i> Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes pugio</i>	48 hours
ethyl acetate	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i> Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i> Fish - <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 32 days
toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Fry Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	96 hours 21 days 72 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
xylylene isomers mixture	-	-	Readily
ethyl acetate	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
xylylene isomers mixture	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
ethyl acetate	-	30	Low
Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	-	99 to 5780	High
toluene	-	90	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Do not incinerate closed container. Incinerate in a licensed, high-temperature, hazardous-waste incinerator.

Section 14. Transport information

	China	ADR	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport Hazard Class(es)/Label(s)	3 	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards/Marine pollutant	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

China : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-E

ADR : **Special provisions** 640 (C)
Tunnel code D/E

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Extinguishing media

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Section 14. Transport information

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.
- Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

- National inventory** :
- Australia inventory (AIC)**: Not determined.
 - Canada inventory**: Not determined.
 - China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
 - Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
 - Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
 - Korea inventory**: Not determined.
 - Mexico inventory**: Not determined.
 - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
 - Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
 - Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
 - Thailand inventory**: Not determined.
 - Turkey inventory**: Not determined.
 - Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
 - United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**: Not determined.
 - Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

Ingredient name	%	Status
acetic anhydride	≤0.1	Category II (International Notification)

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Listed	2657
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	Listed	1059
Aluminium powder, coated	7429-90-5	Listed	1377
Xylene isomers mixture	1330-20-7	Listed	358
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Listed	2651
Methyl benzene	108-88-3	Listed	1014
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Listed	2566

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Section 15. Regulatory information

List of Explosive Precursors

Ingredient name	CAS number	Status	Reference number
aluminum	7429-90-5	Listed	7.6

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

Category	Ingredient name	%	Status
Category 2	acetic anhydride	≤0.1	Listed
Category 3	toluene	≤5	Listed

Inventory of Highly Toxic Articles

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

Listed

Listed

Listed

Listed

China MEE12 Registration number

Not applicable.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing : 2023/11/06.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2023/11/06.

Date of previous issue : 2023/09/09.

Version : 3

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	Calculation method

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
P391 - Collect spillage.
P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Section 16. Other information

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
 P405 - Store locked up.
 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 P403 + P235 - Keep cool.
 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.